# Two New Sesquiterpenes from Euonymus phellomana Loes. 

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Abstract: Two new $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran sesquiterpenes were isolated from Euonymus phellomana Loes.and their structures were established on the basis of spectral analysis.

Keywords: Euonymus phellomana Loes., $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran, sesquiterpenes.

Two new $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran sesquiterpene polyol esters have been isolated from Euonymus phellomana Loes. growing in Wen county, Gansu Province of China.

Compound 1, white needle crystals, mp: $154-156^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, analyzed for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{13}$ by FABMS ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}: \quad 623, \mathrm{M}+1$ ) and EIMS showed peaks due to the loss of acetic acid, $\beta$-furoic acid and $\alpha$-methylbutanoic acid. IR showed ester carbonyl at $1745 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ and hydroxyl at $3420 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{CNMR}$ spectrum revealed the presence of three acetoxy, one ( $\beta$-)furancarboxy and one ( $\alpha$-methyl)butanoyl. Considering the other NMR data (Table 1), it is identified as $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran sesquiterpene substituted with five ester groups initially.

COLOC showed such cross peaks: $\delta 161.8(\mathrm{Fu}-\mathrm{CO} 2-) / \delta 5.22(\mathrm{H}-9) ; \quad \delta 170.2$ $(\mathrm{Ac}-\mathrm{CO} 2-) / \delta 5.58(\mathrm{H}-1) ; \quad \delta 170.5(\mathrm{Ac}-\mathrm{CO} 2-) / \delta 5.47(\mathrm{H}-2) ; \quad \delta 169.4(\mathrm{Ac}-\mathrm{CO} 2-) / \delta 6.11(\mathrm{H}-6) ;$ $\delta 174.4$ (MeBu-CO2-)/ $\delta 4.99,4.41(\mathrm{H}-15 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b})$. In NOESY there are correlation between $\mathrm{H}-1, \mathrm{H}-2 / \mathrm{H}-3 \mathrm{ax}(\mathrm{J} 1,2=3.4)$, showing $\mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{ax}, \mathrm{H}-2 \mathrm{eq} ; \mathrm{H}-6: \delta 6.11$ (s) indicated angle of $7 \alpha, 6$ should be $90^{\circ} 2$. Cross signals of $\mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{ax}$ and $\delta 8.01,6.72(-\mathrm{OFu})$ determined $\beta$ substitued ester group at C-9. Thus, it is $1 \alpha, 2 \alpha$, $6 \beta$-triacetoxy- $4 \beta$-hydroxy- $9 \beta$-( $\beta$-)furancarboxy-15-( $\alpha$-methyl) butyroyloxy- $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran.


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Compound 2, white needle crystals, mp: 170-172 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. FABMS(m/z: 633, M+1) gave C 33 H 44 O 12 . It was spectroscopically similar to $\mathbf{1}$. NMR revealed the presence
of functional groups and $1 \alpha, 2 \alpha, 6 \beta, 9 \beta, 15$-quinquesterified- $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran parent. Close comparison of NMR spectra of them revealed the benzoxy not furoylate at C-9 of 2(Table 1). COLOC gave the positions of three acetate, one benzoxy and one isobutyrate, respectively. So, 2 is $1 \alpha, 2 \alpha$, $6 \beta$-triacetoxy- $4 \beta$-hydroxy- $9 \beta$-benzoyloxy-15-( $\alpha$-methyl) butyroyloxy- $\beta$-dihydroagarofuran.

Table 1. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR},{ }^{13} \mathrm{CNMR}$ data of $\mathbf{1}^{*}$ and $\mathbf{2}^{*}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$

| $\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Hz}}\right)$ | 1 | 2 | $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{DEPT})$ | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $5.58 \mathrm{~d}(3.4)$ | $5.65 \mathrm{~d}(3.4)$ | 1 | $69.9(\mathrm{C} \mathrm{H})$ | $69.9(\mathrm{CH})$ |
| 2 | $5.47 \mathrm{~d}(3.4)$ | $5.51 \mathrm{~d}(3.4)$ | 2 | $68.2(\mathrm{C} \mathrm{H})$ | $68.1(\mathrm{CH})$ |
| 3 | 2.02 m | 2.20 m | 3 | $41.9\left(\mathrm{C} \mathrm{H}_{2}\right)$ | $41.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ |
|  |  | 1.99 m | 4 | $69.7(\mathrm{C})$ | $69.7(\mathrm{C})$ |
|  |  |  | 5 | $91.1(\mathrm{C})$ | $91.1(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 6 | 6.11 s | 6.13 s | 6 | $78.1(\mathrm{CH})$ | $78.1(\mathrm{CH})$ |
| 7 | 2.23 m | 2.18 m | 7 | $49.1(\mathrm{CH})$ | $49.1(\mathrm{CH})$ |
| 8 a | 2.57 dd | 2.59 m | 8 | $34.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | $34.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ |
| 8 b | 2.53 dd | 2.55 m |  |  |  |
| 9 | $5.22 \mathrm{~d}(7.0)$ | $5.33 \mathrm{~d}(8.0)$ | 9 | $69.1(\mathrm{CH})$ | $69.5(\mathrm{CH})$ |
|  |  |  |  | 10 | $55.0(\mathrm{C})$ |
|  |  |  | 11 | $84.5(\mathrm{C})$ | $55.1(\mathrm{C})$ |
|  |  |  | 12 | $25.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | $25.6(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 12 | 1.47 s | 1.48 s | 13 | $25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | $25.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ |
| 13 | 1.47 s | 1.49 s | 14 | $29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | $29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ |
| 14 | 1.55 s | 1.56 s | $65.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | $65.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ |  |
| 15 a | $4.99 \mathrm{~d}(13.0)$ | $5.00 \mathrm{~d}(13.0)$ | 15 |  |  |
| 15 b | $4.41 \mathrm{~d}(13.0)$ | $4.44 \mathrm{~d}(13.0)$ |  |  |  |

*NMR revealed the same presence of three AcO of $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{2}[8 \mathrm{H}: 2.09(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 2.11(3 \mathrm{H}$, s), $2.27(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}) ; \delta \mathrm{C}: 21.1,21.2,21.5,169.4,170.2,170.5] ; \quad(\alpha-\mathrm{Me}) \mathrm{Bu}(\mathbf{1})[\delta \mathrm{H}: 0.68(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}), 0.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d})$; $1.26(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.98(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}) ; \delta \mathrm{C}: 11.2,15.6,25.3,40.6,174.4] ;(\alpha-\mathrm{Me}) \mathrm{Bu}(\mathbf{2})[\delta \mathrm{H}: 0.54(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t})$, $0.77(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}) ; 0.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.15(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.87(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}) ; \delta \mathrm{C}: 11.1,15.6,25.3,40.6,174.2]$; $\mathrm{FuO}(\mathbf{1})[\delta \mathrm{H}: 6.72(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}), 7.45(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}), 8.01(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}) ; \delta \mathrm{C}: 109.9,118.7,143.8,148.9,161.8] ; \quad \mathrm{BzO}(2)$ [ $\delta \mathrm{H}: 7.58(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}), 7.45(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}), 8.03(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}) ; 8 \mathrm{C}: 128.3,129.1,130.2,133.5,165.2]$.

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## References

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